

## A04 – EVOLUTION OF *IDH* MUTANT GLIOMAS DURING MALIGNANT PROGRESSION

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### SUMMARY

Our project goal is to understand epigenetic and genetic mechanisms associated with temozolomide induced resistance in isocitrate dehydrogenase (*IDH*) mutant lower grade gliomas that exhibit promoter *MGMT* methylation. Our long-term aim is to reveal molecular targets that can be used in combination with alkylating agents to prevent the emergence of acquired resistance.

### TASK

### VISUAL ABSTRACT

### WORKFLOW

**Task 1 –**  
Characterize the evolution of molecular alterations during TMZ treatment

Temozolomide (TMZ) treatment and Sequencing



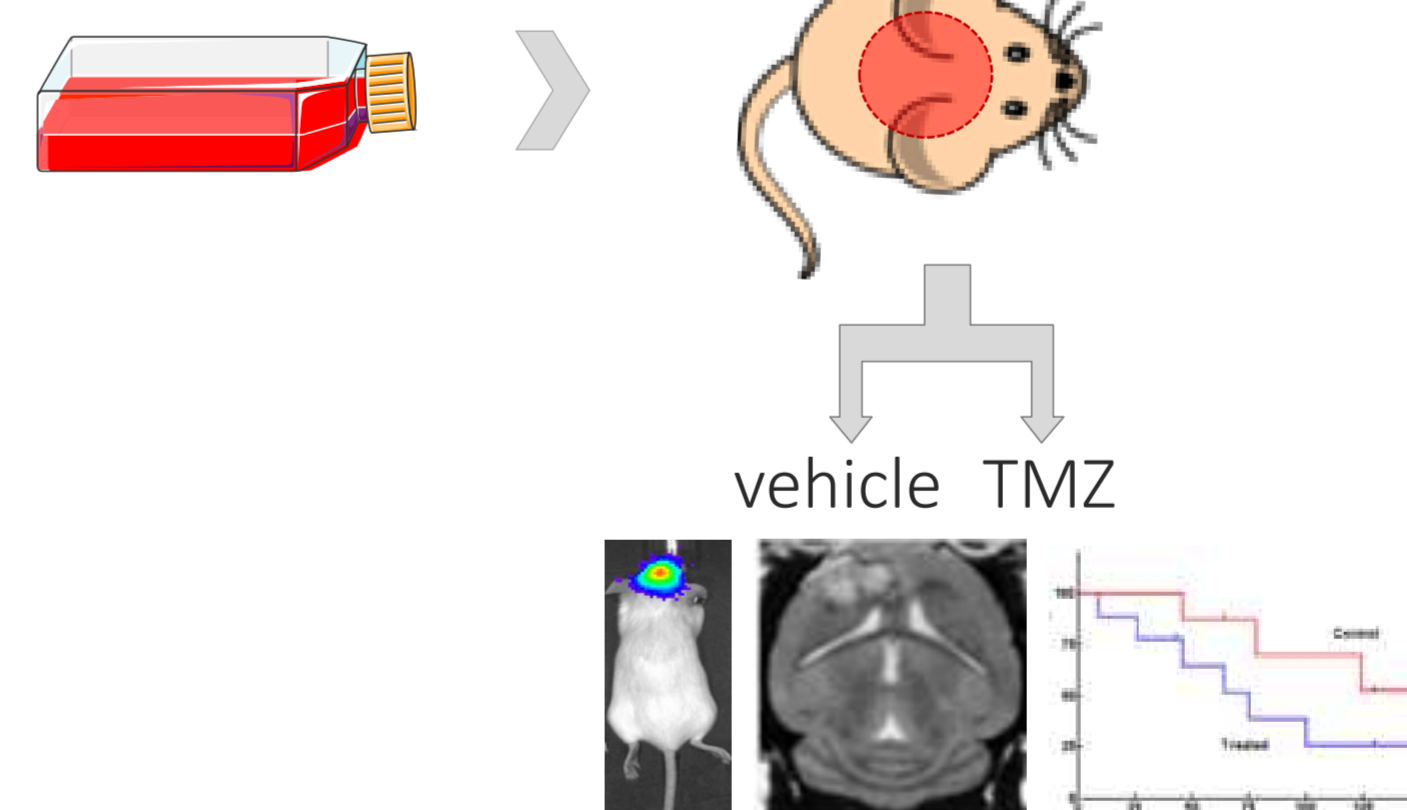
RNA-seq  
(detect transcripts, isoforms)  
HumanMethylation EPIC arrays  
(detect aberrant methylation)  
Whole genome sequencing  
(variant calling, mutational burden and mutational signatures)

- Generate TMZ resistant *IDH* mutant tumorsphere lines
- Analyze molecular state of cells generated in (a) during start of treatment, stress phase, and acquired resistance using next-gen sequencing (Whole exome, RNA-seq, and bisulfite-seq)
- Integrate sequencing data from (b) to identify candidate genes for Task 2
- Direct comparison of findings to N<sup>2</sup>M<sup>2</sup> and AMPLIFY-NEOVAC cohort

**Task 2 –**  
Determine the functional roles of the candidate drivers of resistance *in vitro* and *in vivo*

Stable cell line generation  
Intracranial implantation  
Longitudinal tumor phenotype assessment

Create cell lines with candidate genes identified from Task 1



- Generate cell lines with either stable knockout or overexpression of candidates identified in Task 1
- Generate inducible lines of select candidates to test efficacy in preventing resistance
- Intracranial implantation of select cell lines in NSG mice for vehicle/TMZ treatment

**Task 3 –**  
Investigate the evolution of clonal substructure during TMZ treatment by single cell RNA-seq

Single cell sequencing and Data analysis



Determine pre- and post-treatment transcriptional and structural heterogeneity

- Single cell copy number and transcriptional analysis of naïve and resistant tumorspheres, and matched primary and recurrent *IDH* mutated tumors
- Data analysis to determine clonal heterogeneity due to TMZ treatment